# Herald of HOINSS 



Official Organ of the Churrh of the Nazarene

Brightly beams our Father's mercy
From His lighthouse evermore.

June 19, 1963


THE CLEAREST and most penetrating picture of God given to us in His Word is that He is a God of holy loveOne who reveals himself to needy men everywhere. But with this self-disclosure, God makes demands upon us. He insists on nothing less than genuine sincerity and childlike faith on our part. "He that cometh to God must believe that he is, and that he is a rewarder of them that diligently seek him" (Hebrews 11:6).

In dealing with us, God has a way of putting us to the test and of probing us to the very depth. This was Abraham's experience when he led his beloved Isaac to the mountain of sacrifice, at God's command. That long journey was an agonizing one; but when things looked dark, Abraham dared to tell the lad that God would provide himself a
sacrifice. In the nick of time, after Isaac was bound upon the altar, God's voice was heard and the ram caught in the thicket pointed out. But in that hour it was Abraham who was tested, not God.

The full and final revelation of God came in the gift of His Son, Jesus Christ, our Lord. But the climax of His life and ministry came with that awful Cross. This was followed by the dense darkness and the silence of the tomb. The suspense lasted for three days and the hours came slow and painful. But the revelation that followed lasted for forty days. God is like that; He gives three days of testing against forty days of revelation!

Mary Magdalene was probably the first to see our resurrected Lord. She could scarcely identify Him for her tears, at first. She supposed He was the gardener. Her prayer even then was that God might help her recover the Master's body, which she assumed had been stolen. God's answer was the resurrected Saviour himself. He had

denied her immediate petition but gave her her heart's true desire.

God is still surprising men and women of faith. His answers surpass all our petitions. He knows and anticipates our needs. Our future is in His hands and we are content. His silence about details does not disturb us when we recall His resourceful love. Our peace lies in His will. We will trust and not be afraid.


# The Never-failing Presence 



IHIE (HIIIDREN OF IS. R.MEL, on their journes from legp to Camatn, are camped all Sinai. Noses is on the monnt receiving, as we know, the table of stone. The people, restles during their long wait for Moses return, insist that Aaron matke them gods. This results in the mak. ing of the golden calt.

Great revelry on the part of the people ensues. God hears the moise o! the people. The knows the have once more rebelled. "I hate seen this people, and. behold. it is a stiftnecked people" (39:! ) God would dewtroy them immediately, but Moses intercedes. All but three thousand are spared.

Shortly thereatier God spaks to Moses. "Depart, and go up hence, thou and the people . . ." (35:1). Moses is not at all sure that he is ready for this assigmment. JIe pleads for help. As the conversation contimues, God makes the promise of His presence. " . H presence shall go with thee, and I will give thee rest."

There are three points in this consersation beween God and Moses which datlenge our think ing. First, there is the admission of imadednacy on the part of Moses. This is lound in verse 1": "Sere. thou sayest unto me, Bring up this people: and thou hast not let me know whom thou wilt send with me."

Moses was a great leader, well prepared from the human standpoint to guide his people. Already he had shown signs of military and spiritual leadership. He had led Isracl sately through the three months' trek to Sinat. Moses, however, is un willing to depend solely upon his training and past succes. He knows the difficults the assignment holds. In his words. "Thou hast not let me know whom thou wilt send with me," we sense the admission of personal inadequat!. It was this which led to God's promise of his presence.

There is in this conversation, secondly, an acknowledgment of a dependence upon God for direction: "If I have found grace in thy sight, shew"

 direction. No domb Mose knew the val to Camatn-perhape a was. Boll would his wal be Corls waty, the best wat Perhap: it was a sense of repronsibilits for a mation, not jus: his own life, that made him wamt to be sume of the right was to go. Once false mose and mant lise conld be lost. The grathen of Moses pereon is eeen in this acknowledgment of dependence for direction.

The third point is the promine of a I'resenoe, which Ged made: "My presthe hatl go with thee" (b. II). This was wh: Mowes wathed more than amyhing else. "Il the preseace go not with me. carr w not up hence." Pohnps we might all this a "holy subbornnes"-realh not a bad guali11 of characier.
i he promise secms to have meant laro things yerifically for Moses. These we lind in verse 10. For Moses, God's presene meant " sisn of Cod's atisfaction with llis people. "For wherein shall it be known here that I and the people hate found grace in the sight: is it not in llout thon goest with us?" Gol's presence with llin pople is alwass a sign of llis pleastme in them. God doce not show His presence except with His own dhildren.
dgan, the lat of God's presence was for Moses the woll of their separation. "Is it not that thout goest with wis. shatl we be spatated, I and thy people from all the people that are upon the lace of the earth." The word "separation" means also "wonderlal." God's presence with this people makes them a womertal people They are differcom, not beatuse of the outwatd signs set by man. but becamse of the inner reality of this presence. It is His presence in individual lives and among His people comporately which constitutes "the dillerence" between "the Chumb" and "the world."
 ple will be a hol people, a "wonderfully dilferent" people.

One comblading thought makes this story of Moses real for wo todas. When Cod said, "My presence shall go with thee," He added, "and I will give thee rest." That word "rest" is significant. It means "to cause to relan, to trust, to have ronfidener in" It sas as if God had said, "And
modencath ate the everlasting ams." and. "I will puide thee with mine eve."

Moses was given a difficult asigmment. Ddmis. ting inadequat: acknowledging dependence for direction, he received the promise of a Presence. That meant he could rely entirely upon (iod tor wisdom and strength to fulfill the task. The same holds true for us todas:

# THE BIBLE in the <br>  window 

By Enangelist PAUL MARTIN

As 1 WALKED BV the "Sweet shop" in green and grassy I illamook, Oregon. I noticed that one of the display windows had mottoes and Bible verses. They were witnessing in ath attractive manner. Rax Shinn, a firstolass Christian, acoording to Pastor brachook. is the owner-mamager of the bakery.

Immediatcly I wanted io know three thing: Ifow was this man saved: What is the story of the display window: Are there any other (hristians in this home:

## How was this man saved?

Rev. Roscoe Pershall came to Ras: house in the summer of 1955 doing houseto-house visitation, and loohing for prospects lor personal soul winning. The hiddren started of Sunday shool, and Pastor Pershall kept calling. Ras's wile was som satsed in the home and wanted to live dilleremb: and Pastor Pernall kept callins. "Ite made the gospel so platio." Raty sats, "and he made me led I didnit hate wo live in sin." In October, 1955. Ras Shinn was sated. Pastor P'rahall kept alling.

## What is the story of the display window?

"That window is for Bill. I'm praving for him. Ife passes almost daily. When I first put a little scripture lesson in the window, I noticed he looked at it cartally; so I've been giving him more and more to read bill soon came in. No, he hasn'
)r.lv: f()f EVery I).1V:
() Father, keep me from the sm Of probing judgments that would find Ther motiere hidden dere within Recesses of anolher's mind. Instrad. moty sprines of kindmess flow IVBhim mis heave so cool alld suect That whr"l lalk with onr I knoar.
()r with a stranaer oll the swert.

Tle path be walles shall be more tair.
llis thoushts be prefates to praver.
been sated vet, but he told me he ame into the shop beratue of the window witness. So thats Bill's window."
Are there other Christians in this home?
tes, amel it is because a good church has minivered to them. Good pantom hase fed them. latds shimm, oustanding high-shooler, is among the leaten of the cighty (and thats no exaggeration) tren-agers around this churds. Karen. steplion, and soom Susie, have a place to work and worship-a nice place-adequate Sunday school facilitios, beatuiful sanctuary. Res. Lester Braddock has been so blessed of God in plaming, and leading this good Church of the Nazarene! Of course, the onls difference between the shinn home and other homes around them in that Jeros liver with them. What a difference:
I.S. Snd Ran shimn makes good breat and rolls, 100:

## The Cover

Brightly beams our Father's merey From IIis lighthouse evermore:
But to us He gives the keeping Of the lights along the shore.
Let the lower lights be burning! Seud a gleam across the ware? Some poor fainting. shuggling seaman You may rescue, you may sare.
-Philip P. Bliss


# The Meaning of the Cross 

By P. P. BELEW, Pastor, Westside Church, Hoopeston, Illinois


#### Abstract

For the preaching of the cross is to them that perish foolishness; but unto us which are saved it is the power of God (I Corinthians 1:18).


FROM Mosts TO MALMCHI, and from the alphat of Genesis to the omega of Revelation, there rums a chain of prediction conceming the Messiah which have their fultillment in Jens of Narareth. The deletion of all his would on emasculate the Soriptures as to render them almont wetes. From his confrontation by the Master on the Damascus road until his death in Rome. Panl eased not to dedare "that this Jests. whom I preath unto you, is Chris" (Las $17: 3$ ). Likewine said Peter, "Those thing, which God betore hard shewed by the mouth of all his prophets, that Christ should suffer, he hath so fullilled" (Acts 3:18)
The Cross, then, means
I
The fulfillment of prophecy. Many centuries before it was predicted, "Mine own familiar friend. in whom I trusted, which did eat of my bread, hath lifted up his heel againse me" (Patms 11:9). How accurately was this fullilled! "Then one of the twelse, alled Judas Isariot, wemt moto the dhied priests, and said unto them. What will ye gite me. and I will deliser him wnto vol:" (Nanhew 20:14-15) Judas, who harl beon with Him trom the beginning, knew well His Gethsemame resort: and into that sacred retreat, hallowed by the footfalls of the Son of God and consecrated by His holy breath in prayer, Judas led a mob "with lanterns and torches and weapons," and betrated his Master with a kis:

Concerning the attitule of state and chumh, is wa said. "the hing of the eanth eet themetses. and the mete take combel twedter, againe the
 Hence Pilate and Herod, who had been "at cmmin between themehes." were "mate friends together" on that turbulent day of the Catitixion. And the rulers of the Samhedrin covenamed with Judas "for thirty pieces of silver," and suboned perjured testimony in a desperate effort to further their nefarious intentions.

In regard th the treatment fesu icerived at
the hamb of the whdichs it is writhen, "His appearance was womate bevond human semblance, and his form berond that of the sons of men" (1saiah 52:1.1, R.S.V.*) Thes scourged Him ummercifully, prowed a cown of thoms upen His brow, spat upon 1 lim, and nailed Him to the Cross. When He asked for water, they gave Him vinegar, and gambled lor llis dothing while He suftered unyeakable pain. Wll of his had been foretold by the prophet hundred of sears betore
() Itis death and burial it is stated, "He made his grane with the wickel, and with the ridh in his dealn" (haiah 53:9). Ame os it is recorded. "Then were there wo theren aturtiod with him. DIf on the right hand, and another on the left" ( Mathew $27: 34$ ) And again, "When the even was come, there came a rich man of Arimathaca, named Joseph, who also himself was Jesus' disciple: he went to Pilate, and begged the body of Jesus. . . . And when Joseph had taken the body, he wrapped it in a dean linen doth, and laid it in his own new tomb" ( A anhew $27: 57-60$ ).
Finalls it was derlared, "He wiil suallos up death in victor: and the Lord God will wipe away tears from off all late" (1saiah "5:5). Consequent1s. won the Roman guark who nowd by the Cross. when the " oatw the emhquake and those things What were done." said, "1ath his was the Son of God" (Mathew 27:51). Then on that first Lord's day morning, Mary, weppiag, "looked into the sepulchre," and, lo, Jesus wals gone! From the angels who now occupied the tomb came the inguiry, "Woman, why weepert thou:" Turning abow. We satw ferns, but hew mot that it was He. bun when the tamilian sone said. "Many," he imamble erdmed, "Mater:" Time tor weep ing wan mow met. Deald hat imdeed been mat lowed up in victors.
lgain, the Cron mams

## II

IVe cost of redemption. I shall not explore the various theories of the atonement. May it suffice to say that it was necessary, full, and complete. The unequivocal truth is, "Without shedding of blood

[^0]is no remission" (Hebrews 9:22). Jesus was "the Lamb slain from the foundation of the world" (Revelation 13:8), All the sacrifices offered for four thousand years prior to Calvary were types of Him who was destined to "taste death for every man" (Hebrews 2:9). These oft-repeated Old Testament sacrifices, which had their fulfilment in "the offering of the body of Jesus Christ once for all" (Hebrews 10:10), were:
(1) Inangurated at the fall of man. The "coats of skins" with which God dothed Adan and Eve were from animals that had been slam. The faith by which their son "Abel offered moto God a more excellent sacrifice than Cain" (Ithews 11:1) was evidently faith in the promisal Messiah. (ood could not respect Cain and his offering because the symbolism was wrong. "Cain brought of the froit of the ground" (Genesis 4:3), which in that case typifies man-mate religions that purport to save the race by schemes of their own derisinge Abel "brought of the firstings of his flock and of the fat thereof," which symbolized the promised Saviour.
(2) Practiced by the patriarchs. This toathed its highest expression the willinguess of Dbrahan to offer his son 1saas (Hebrets 11:17-19). A1though God did not permit the actual warifiee of Isaac, He was highly pleased whh the wat commat. ment of Abrahan (Genesis 20:12).
(3) Inconporated into the law. Indet the Monitic economy the priests offered sacrifices day by dyy continually; and once a year, on the Daty of Amement, the high priest went atone into the holy of holies and offered sacrifice for atl the petple. At the dedication of the great Temple which he had built, Solomon "offered whto the Lowd, wo and twenty thousand oxen, and an tumdred and wen1y thousand sheep" (I Kings $8: 63$ ). 'This I once thotght extravagan mul it occurned to me that it represented the awhil oost of redemption. "Hhe that spared not his own Son, bat aclivered him昭 for us atl, how shat he no with him abo freely give us all things?" (Romans 8:32)
(4) Typilied by the paschat lamb. As in the case of all animals offered in sacrifice, the paschal lamb had to be "without blemish" (Exodus 12:5). It had also to be roasted whole and caten without the breaking of a bone, with its blood struck on the portal of the house. Said fehotah. "When I see the blood, 1 will pass oner pon" (Exoths 12:13).

How completely was all this fultitted in "Chrise our passover" (1 Corinthians 5:7)! He was "a lamb without blemish and without spot" (I Peter 1:19), "holy, harmless, undefiled, separate from sinners, and made higher than the heavens" (Hebrews 7:26). And despite all that He suffered before and at the Crucifixion, and contrary to normal procedures in dealing with crucified persons, "they brake not his legs" (John 19:33).

Finally, the Cross means

## III

The highest expression of divinc lowe Those who sneer at the atonement as "slaughterhouse religion" miss the point entirely, "For God so lovel the worle, that he gave his only begoten Son, that whosocver believeth in him should not perish, but have everlasting life" (John 3: 16). "Greater love hath no man than this, that a man lay down his life for his friends" (John 15:13). And furcher, "God commenden his love fowat us, in that, while we were yet simmers, Christ died for ws" (Romans 5:8).
(1) The death of Christ wats remedial. The law decreed death for sin, and since all had sinned, the sentence of death hung like the stord of Damodes over the heads of a guilty rord. Either all must die of someone whose life was worth all others must die in their stead. That Someone is the only begotten Son of God, and "he that believeth on him is not comdemned" (Johm 3:18) . "Christ hath retecmed wh from the curse of the law" (Galatians : : 13)
(2) The death of Christ was volumtary. When pilate boated that he had the authority cither to crinify or to release ILim, "Jesus answered, Thou coutdent have to power at all against me, except it were giver thee from above" (Joln 10:11). On ansher occestion Jesus said, "I lay down my life, that 1 might take it again. No man taketh it from me, but 1 lay it down of myself. I have power to lay it down, and 1 have power to take it again" (John 10:17-18). On the night of His betrayal He said, "Thinkest thou that I cannot now pray to my Father, and he shatl presently give me more than whelve legions of angels?" (Nathew 26:58) And when the last hour hatd come, "he said, Father, ino ify hand I commend my spitit: and having sait thas, he gave up the ghost" (Luke 29:16).
(3) The death of Christ was vearious. Ho the words of the prophtet, "He was wounded for our tanggressions, he was bruised for our iniquities: the chastisement of our peace was upon him; and wift his stripes we are healcl" (Isaiah 53:5) When on the Cross, Jesus cried, "My Gool, my God, Why hast thou forsaken me?" (Mark 15:34) and again 1 [e said, "I thirst" (John 19:28), He was, I think. suffering something of that separation from forl and insatiable want that the low sond aprientes in acmity.

> Tedl of the Goss where they nailed Him, Writhing in anguish and pain;
> Tell of the grave where they laid Him; Tell how he liveth again.
> Love in that story so tender Clearer than ever I see. Stay, let me wect while you whisper lone paid the ransom for me.


By Sunday School Erangelist A. S. LONDON

LOXE will make one great in woul. It shows mo signs of littleness. There is nothing about it that is petty or mean. It rises above peronal grievances, and has no place for hosility or bitermess.
The Odd Testament is the story of God's dealing with Istacl. Isract was consamtly rebelling against Him, yet He said, "How shall I give the up, Ephaim?" (Hosea 11:S) "Can a woman forget her sucking child, that she should not hase compassion on the son of her womb: ya, they may forget, yet will I not forget thee" (haiah 19:15). God forgave Istad, and kept on forgiving. He did not cast them off.
The New Testament tells us of the love of Jents. He came umo His own and they receised 1 lim not. His disciples misunderstood Itim. But "hasing loved his own . . . We loved them unto the end" (John 13:1). His love survived even Peter's desertion and denial. He loved in spite of insult.
The story of the prodigal son shows the divine quality of love in the bosom of the Father. The boy had wronged his father. but the lather's lowe held on. Love endures and persises and reveals it self in patience. Love is the one thing needful. and without it eversthing else is of but little value.
Henry Drummond, the great Scottith dergyman and author, said that the greatest thing a person ando for his Heavenly Father is to be kind to His other chiddren. Love is kind, bears patients wrong, and injuries, and gives itself in sellish service. Love will canse one to be interented in the welfare of all. He envieth not, is not puffed up, and never degrades the object of its love.

[^1]Lose lavishes itsell upon others. It is not irritable, nor swift to take offense. It never plots against a person, and does not harbor evil thoughts about a living soul. It does not keep a record of wrongs committed. It was said of Abraham Lincoln that he did not have room in his mind for any wrongdoing committed against him.

Love never gloats orer the weaknesses or failures of an individual. It is gladdened by the prosperity of other people. It rejoices in the truth, and mourn and suffers over others who miss the wat.
Love never yields to the point where it surrenders and gives up hope. It is the element in the lite than ding when every chance seems to be gone. It is the alpha and the omega of the Christian religion.

The test of entrance into the city of God is love. What power and strength in the life of any individual who possesses it!
Love gives solidity to character. It quickens our energies, enhances our field of usefulness, and is the true cosence of christian manhood and womanhood. It is the only thing that will cause one to let go of all things that cannot be carried imo the eternal life. It is the one thing that makes life differem from that of the crowd.
Florence Nightingale was called "The Lady with the Light." She won the highest fame in the Crimean War. It is said that when several humthed soldiers were brought in from off the batteliedl. she soon brought order out of chaos by her kind dipposition and smiling face. History tells how she would speak to one and then to another uffering soldier. The boys would kiss her shadow as it fell, and lie back on their pillows with content. she loved!
sweeter than the perfume of roses is a life that loves and is unselfish, ready to help others, and do good to all. If you fall into an extreme, let it be on the side of tenderness and thoughtfulness of others.

Frances Willard once remarked that no life is worthy of the name of success unill its main purpose is to increase the sum total of human good and happiness.

Iat us pran!

## CHRISTIAN VOCATION SERIES

## "To Serve the Present Age"




DR. IIOWARD HAMLIN. Chicago surgeon and lay member of the General Board of the Church of the Nazarene, is under appointment as a medical missionary to Swaziland. South Africa, serving the two Nazarene hospitals there as specialist in surgery. Dr. Hamlin graduated from the Lniversity of Colorado School of Medicine in 1941. He served with the American Army of Occupation in Japan as a member of the staff of General Douglas MacArthur. He is a diplomat of the American Board of Surgery and a fellow of the American College of Surgeons, and chairman of the Department of Surgery at Southshore Llospital in Chicago. The Hamlins have two grown daughters and a son. They plan to sail for Africa about November 1.

IHE YEAR lyge has a sure niche in the promcuade of histors: and its somber mien will sober the pasersby for genceations to comes I was a senior in high shool during that momentots sear of the stock manket (rash. But the conomic depression was not as devastating to the Hamlin family as on some, for trugalio had atuare been our lot.

Keeping the world from our front stoop had abway been a family project mather than one relegated solely to my dad. An atter-hchool job as an elevator pilot in an oflice building was my major contribution to the lamily exhequer, and I conjugated Latin verbs as I puratued my "up-and lown" carcer.

But there was one llanh of color in the drab das in the cage-one nightly event which 1 antmipated with ill-masked excitement. It was when our lamity doctor took the elevator down from his tilth floor sute at the end of his evening oflice hours. For sears he had been my idol. His muscular but gentle fingers had reluced a "Moolel 1" Practure of my right wrist. His very presence at the bedside had started me on the road to recovery on many an occasion. And his very nearness in the elevator poured cnough nor-epinephrine into my blood stream to furnish energy for the long dogtrot home after the elevator closed at night.

This here wombip of the lamily foctor was neanty univeral, especially among the poor and midlle das. Somehow sou knew sond make it if sour dostor came to see you. You ranked him along with your pastor and parents as a bulwark of secturity. It is no wonder that my southful heant sad. If 1 could hase people love me as they do $\mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{t}}$. Thulin, then I should ask no greater rewand in life And in the depression sean as I tightened my belt though wollege amel medical shool, that kinelly fare became my beaton star. len his mamely death by conoman dhombosis did not blar the wision glorious.

Xow twenty-bo year hate pased since I began (1) write M.D. after my name-the las wo decade in a halfeentmy of phenomenal medical progress. During these fifty yars we have come from the suake pit to psyhosomatio counseling, from asaTerida to antibiotics, from incantations to isotopes, from remesction to vaccines, and from calomel to cortosone From the superstition and laulty intuiton of the: old famils doctor we hate eome to Xras and labomatory investigation, which has brought the at of medicine more and more into the reatme of a phssiochemical problem. We have been able to increase the life span of we areage Amerion tremtyfive vears whing the lase three decades.

But for our "progress" we have paid. and are paving, a price which someday mat prove to be too costls. Wie have impersonalized the practice of medicine. Coday the patient too often is simply a number at a health clinic where he stands in line periodically to "reap some benclit from the high duen I pas into my union." Ite mat never see the same dector wice and certamly nover expects any more personalied service than he receres from the cherker at the local supermarket.

Recenty a man came to my oflice for consultation. During our conference he waxed enthusiastic about the "wonderful surgeon who sated my life recentl."

Impressed by his culogy, I said. "By the way. Who was your surgeon? Perhaps I know him."

He puckered his eyebrows meditatively, cleared his throat. and apologetically confessed. "You hnow. Dox. I just want remember his name."

Why shoulal he remember? Sfier all, the surgeon had only saved his life:

I'nfortumately the impersonality of today's medical rapport between loctor and patient has of necessity become a two-way street. The doctor also does not remember. He has also become the victim of a creeping socialization. If the community wants a supermarket type of medicine, then this is what it will get; and the youth entering medical school today, as a whole, are entering its portals because they are in sympathy with this rend.

The medial whols are tecling the piow Wh. When I entered medical shool only one out ol erem eight applitant was admitted. Now the rato in one to one and one halt; and deans tell the that no longer do the bea students go into medicine. but imo other liedds which are more remmerative and less exating. "Why," prospective studems ask, "should I spend low years of college. four years of medial shool, and six years of revidemes maining simpl? to work long hour and become an imperonal woy in the weriali, mathine of the da! !"

But low the Christian phasician the picture is not so grim: :and for the dedicated woth standing on the thestoded of a career the propedet is not se drab. There is still a sision glorions. Ouside of the ministry there is still no greater lich of opportunity in which werve God and humanits. There will alwas be the trembling hand which needs your firm but gente grip as a phesician. There are still quaking hearth who need your reassuring praver as a sureom before wou start them on the
journes inte ancethelic night.
Xopolitical sstem and no soxial trend an core deprive son of thi privilege of opiritual suppont to som patient it you want to gise it. This is still the day when dediated youth an determine to "Find their lises by losing them" in dediated servise to God and humanits.

Just this week I stopped at the bedside of a man who was scheduled for surgery. Several doctors had comsutad on the ase. Sudtemly he said. " Are won going to be at the operating table:"
"Yo," 1 :mswered simply.
"Then I go withou fear." he said quietly.
This was not a testimenial to my skill: this was that indelinable spiritual dic between mesell and the patient which superseded maining or skill. And it is this type of reward which makes the slavery of the medical training years seem insignificant. To seree the present age.
Ay calling to fulfill: Oh, may it all my pou'rs chasare

To do ma Masters aill.

## FRUIT in <br> the DESERT

PHILIP was a sucesstal soul wimner in the city of samaria. He was peforming miratcos derib were being ast oat: the paralyed and palsied were beine healed. Peler and fohn came down trom Jerusalem with their message conceming the Holy Chost. Is comserts were being sanctilied, revial fires were burning and spreading. This gate evidence of being a rich. lertile. suitable liche with great possibilities.

While Philip plowed and dug into the soil, planted his seed, hoed and furvowed the rows, and was alread gathering a prosperous, generous harrest, Cod sent an angel to him. Right at the height of his steces the angel said, ". Drise and go wowad the south . . which is desert." Did he hear right: Here his garden was all "\#," and he was alread! gathering its hait. The desent was mo place to labor if one's objectise was truit. Why must he go to a desert:

It was not for Philip to know at this time The immediate thing was willing obedience. To some it would hase scemed to be an unreasonable "stumbling in the dark." lee it turned out to be a more frutul experience than he was having in Samaria. The fruit he harvested from his obedience was the comsersion of the fohiopian emmeth. and tradition sam he aloo reaped the conversion
of Oneen (ambace and linall the whole country of Ethiopia.

Is a rule, conditions that exist in a desert are ceratinly not conducive to proclucing truit. The sum is extremet hot, the ground parched and dry, and the lack of moisture in the atmosphere tends to burn and wither. Desert conditions are not generally combortable for the gardener. He sulfers trom the beating rays of the blistering sun: his Lee become hot and paintul from the hot sands: his hands become sweaty and blistered. His eyes see litate results for all the exhatusting efforts he expends. His heart and spirit are likely to become hriseled and disoumaged. But when God points 11s to the desert, the seret of succestul Christian mait beaing is willing obedience. "Ind he arose


In the divine plan and purpose lor cach Christian, the desert experience is needful. If we do not go in willing obedience to the leadership of the Holy Spirit, then (ircumstances around us will be oo changed as to cause desert conditions to prevail where we are 'The fruit produced by forced desert conditions amot be compared to that which comes from willing obedience. Philip went im-
medianch to gata, "which is deren."
laok at the truit of his obedience: a dharion ${ }^{6}$ fide in; his traveling companion, a man of great position, auhbrits, and intlucnce, nex in power to the quect. Bun best of all was the comersion of this importam perom. The truit was produced with lan less cllort than would have been required back in Samaria. Back there he would have had to conduct his own service, read his own seripture. preach his own sermon, give his own invitation. and then help his seckers to a definite experience. But here in the deser he found that the eripture keson had alread been read, a semom had alreads been preached by Isaiah, and an eames, imedti. gent, eager secker wats all reall to sing, "Lord. I belice." Philip prayed him through quickly and casily. All he had to do was to plack his truit with far less effort than had been required in the Samaria revival. I believe this wats the ensen seeker to "pray through" Philip ever had! W'illing obedience is ahatys the casiest thing and results in luscious Irmit!

Strange how we form preconceited notions of the elesert. It we could only leam that willing obedience to (ond is the easiest wall for we we wold sate ourelses a lot of spiritual work and woms.

Jesus himed had llin derert experience. For
torn dans He whgeled so hard He: required the minisuation of angels, but the Pruit of Dis devert experience has been the food that has sustanad multiplied millions of others passing through the same descri. lach of us can take a retreshing, reviving. remewing, insigorating, and sustaning lift from the Iruitful verses: "Jesus . . . was i: all points tempted like as we are yet without sin" (Hebrews 3:1-15): "IHe said unto me, My grace is suflicient for the" (II Corinthian 12:9).

There is a desere experience ahead for each of us. Wie will hase to proced, as it were under seated order. The tempter mas ane we to forex a long. hot, dry. dus! experience with oursthen as the single. lonels. weats. plodding pilgrim amidst prowling widd beasts, with darkness setting down and no shelter to which to rewort. But it is only a mirage: It is not ats bad as the devil would have us to believe. It is not what we imagine. (iod is there! "There shall no evil befall thee." I raven max fly our was, mama fall trom heanen. or we max get to ride in a charion and lead someone to Jows Chrin. (on obediemly! (oo willingh! Make sour desert experience grow weed frat that will te heahthful and bencficial to you spiritually. A desert experience is a "mus." wo make the mont of it!


## "One War at a Time"

By LOUIS A. BOUCK

 pathied with the Confederats. This attitude proroked Lincohts liery secreany of liar Stanton 10 a frens. Ite was ready to light the laglish but Lincoln would sat firmls. "One war at a time."

In the sting and hurt that come trom injuries, real or imagened. that other came me, I may be tempted to quit lighting sin and satan, and go 10 fending with the alleged ollenders. I need to be reminded that one war att a time is all that I am (apable ol handling.

A mixhberous shoollong will rach wey there or four seats for punch amobler then sit back in glee to see the oumaged victine strike back at his near beighbor. If the devil an make me believe that someone is mistreating me. he has diverted my attention from himself, the guila and glectul wrongdoer.
"We wrestle not agains tlesh and beood, but agamst . . wicked spirits" (lphesiam b: l2, margiol). Perhaps the hurt seems to come from some good man who was the manowing tool of the Encms. Possibly no olfense wats meant al all. The old serpent has just slipped his magnilying ghases on my nose, and made a mountain out of a molehill.

I am, or ought to be too bust lighting the devil (1) revent and light back against supposed wrongs from my fellow men. One wat at a time is all that my limited resources can support.

I Christian worker wath distressed abont a lalse report circulated about him. He determined to track down the lie. He hum some feelinge in the process. but telt that the end justitied the means. Finalls he confronted the man who had started the story, onls to hear the starled protest. "() Brother Blamk, that wasn't what I meant at all!" In his teal to reprove the supposed samdalmonger, this preather had forgoten that he was equipped for
lighting only one wat at a time. Ife hat lor a season lad down his amb against the enems of souls.

The devil is a master at accusing the imnocent. He uses false or exaggerated charges as a smoke screen to ditcet attention away from his own operations. Satan may acouse me, and get me to battling with doubts and lears. Ife may distont to my view the adions of my fellow Christian, and thus seek to start a sorry church fuss. The wicked
onte is can bold chough to injed into mat mind. as he did into Job's, accusations of aruelty and infustice against God himsell. It he can get my attention, he has nullified for the time my usefulness as a Christian soldier.

I can't afford to spend my time and strength in confused and unhappy shadowboxing against the devil's bugaboos. I must fight the good light of faith, and lay hold on eternal life. I ran take care of only one war at a time!


## The Province of Prayer

We have sometimes talked about mayer as if its purpose were to demand of God that which lle was unwilling to gise. We need mather to see that its province is to take what God wams to bestow, but which can come only when we are in a position to receive it.

There are many thing in mature fod does without the cooperation of cither mon or angels. He uphotes "all things 1 the word of his power" (Hebrews 1:3). The ongoing processes of the universe are His work alone. He asks no help in lighting the stare or patuting the sunse oky.

BLT AN IIIF REXLA of human nature and all that afteds human nature. Got has made men His colabores. "We are labourers together with God" (I Cormhiams : $3: 9$ ) . Nonc of the gifts Cot has made avalable to us are thast upon us apart from our will or comsent. If they were, they would not be gifs. 大ot an we wres from lli, hand that which lle does not plan to give

It is praser alone that opens the storehouse of heaven to suppl! our deepest needs. It is praser alone that releases the powers of the spiritual world to sate, to sanctify, to heal, or to blens. Praver does not orerride the will of cod; it actualizes it and make the potential become wal, He powible become actual.

Christian prayer is to be in the name of chrive This does not mean that when we add to our list of petitions the words, "This we ask in the name of Jesus, our Lord," our requests will automatically be pranted as if we had spoken some magic for mula. For in soriphure the name meaths the nature. It stands for the person as rea ealed or made known, the character of the individual. Realls, to pray in the name of christ means to pray in harmony with His nature and purpose. Dis re
vealed will and design. This is why He could say without limitation or qualification, "And whatsoever se shall ask in my name, that will I do, that the Father may be glorilied in the son. If ye shatl ask ant thing in my name. I will do it" (John 11:1:1-11).

PRAIER HAS an important elfect upon the prayer also, when it is true Christian prayer. A Christian of an earlier generation described prayer as a litule prisate gate through which he alone might enter:

> In the castle of my some
> Is a lithe fostern sate,
> 1i)herat. when I menter.
> 1 am in the prexence of God.
> In a moment. in the turnins of athought.
> I thit athere ford is . . .

> . . All life has a meaning, HBihoul asking I know:
> My desires are eaen moá fulfilled.
> My frever is gome
> In the great quiet of God.
> Wy troubles are but pebbles on the road.
> by fors are like the eqerlasting hills.
> wit is when ma soul arpe through the postern kutr
> Inte the presence of God.
> Bis things become small, and small things become great.
> The mear becomes far, and the futhere is near:
> The lwolly and despised is shot through with slory...

We have often said this, and many have found it true: "Praver changes all things," not the least of which is the one who prays. There is found in
prayer a new depth of yielding to the will of Gool. In prayer we bring the detaits of our lives and look at them in the light of eternits. Much in this world has a way of looking very different whell we wa to see it as Cod sees it.

IT IS WHEN we turn our paser thought to others that we find its truest reward. Praver is God's gift, not alone to provide ws with what we nect. but to make it possible for wo whe others be yond the porser of our limited human abilits. Through prayer we may beome parmen with God in His work of love for the sons of ment There is a challenging thought in the acoumt of Job's healing and the restomation of his properts: "The Lord turned the captivits of Job, when he prayed for his friends" (Job 42:10). This is what might be called "the reflex action" of imercessory prayer. There is blessing for the prayer who prass for others.

There are many problems that beset the person who determines to live a spiritual life in times like: these. But it is safe to say that the answer to most of them ties within the province of paver. In prayer is our defense against the eneroatminems of the "cares and riches and pleasures of this life" (Luke 8:14). In praser are peise and strengh for the individual life. In praver are power and motiation for Christian service. In prater is the key to the limitless storehouses of Gool. In view of this we well may pender the question of Richard C. Trench:

```
Why, therefore, should whe anmelies this woong.
Or others, thent wer are not aheres strems.
That we are omer oierborne with care.
That we should ever wedk of heartless be.
Anxions or trontled. when wilh us is proyer.
And joy and strensth and cournes are aithe Ther!
```


## Temptation and Leisure

A wise student of human life has satd, "Temp. tation rarely comes in working hours. It is in their leisure time that men are mate or marred." . Ind we used to hear that the itle mind is the devil's workshop and that Satan linds wom for idle hand 10 do.

There are both pomibility and peril in the in crasing amounts of leisure time people have in a society filled with laborsaving and timesaving devices. But by bit, machines are taking over the drudgery and toil of everyday existence. The normal work week in these Ginited States of America, at least for the lactory, mill, and shop, has dwindled from sixty hours per week to fortyeight, to forty, and in some cases to thinty-fise and thirsy. The trend is not likely to be re-
iersed.
The great question is what these evta hour of whtirected time ane going to mean. They an be uned to build tasems or temples. They may be gisen over to ambesness and drilting, or devoted to purpose and the improsement of self and soriety.

There is patioular peril in the drift to amusements which characterize our times. The lust for cmertamment is almon insatiable. While there ance whe sure, imnocen diversions, and while some relaxation is necessary in any healhy mamer of lite, the hatd late remains that most commercialized - mertamment is bait for the poison of sin.

The very tem "amuse" contains a warning. To "muse" is to think. The " is the so-called privative. It means "without" or "the absence of." The whole attitude of the person seeking "amusement" is that of a mind in newtral, going nowhere and therefore liable to be pushed anywhere. Like a melling stone, it gathers no moss. but is likely to pick up some mul.

HIRE: IS PARI of the peril of television. When cen the head of the Federal Communiations Commission describes television in the Enited States as a tast "wasteland," there is certainly a note of alam for the opiritually semsitice ChilWren are spending hours filling their minds with images of the unreal and impossible, that could benter be spent in adise play and body-building rectation. loung people who might go down in himory wo only "go down" in hintory but also in mathematios. Fnotish, sience, and all the rest of their se hool subjects by reaton of too much time whth the one eved monster.

Ame adults who could spend the ir evening hours in Christian sersice or with the weath of good books now anatable friter them away in amess triving of the TV knob. There are actually two hinds of illiteracy in the world today. There is the illiterad of the person who would read if he could. . Ind there is the greater illiteracy of the perom who is able to read but prefers to be "amuset."

But all is not gloom in the matter of leisure time. There is possibility as well ats peril, challenge as well at chilling blight. A Christian's leisure hours are part of his stewatshipe of all of life and (ain be used to buited the kinglom of Ged both in himself and in the lives of others.

Let us view with critioal ere the adtivities of our leisure hours. Eiven the legitimate may be harmful if it crowds out the more importint. "I count that man idle," said Mr. Wesley, "who might be better employed." Let us labor that our lives may be filled with that which will glorify God. learing no room for the temper on the prowl to see whom he maty mare.

## THE CHURCH AT WORK



On Friday, May 24, the Church of the Nazarene reached a new high on the Easter Offering, passing the grand total given last year.
The offering now stands at \$1.286.903.40 and our hopes are high that we will receive $\$ 46.000 .00$ more and reach the goal of $\$ 1,333,000.00$.
May God bless the faithful members of all of our churches who have made this possible.

John Stockton
General Treasurer
Telegram . . .
Tucson, Arizona-Forty-second Arizona District Assembly held at the beautiful nex Chandler church, May 22-23, with General Superintendent Vanderpool presiding with grace and efficiency in his inimitable manner. Dr. M. L. Mann completes nineteen year's as dishrict superintendent, and elected to another threcyear term. He and Mrs. Mann (who had been elected preriously by unanimous cote as N.F.M.S. president) are deeply loced by Arizona Nazarenes. Eighteen churches achieved "Erangelistic Honor Roll," with 332 members receired by profession of faith. \$6-11.562 raised for all purposes, with $\$ 5.39877$ paid for general interests: \$165.05 per capita giring. Threc thousand dollars underuritten for Frances Tosti memorial chapel in Africa. Impressice ordination service with Perry $R$. Hipple and Jerry W. White receiving elder's orders, and J. M. Burchan's orders recognized from a sister denomination. General Assembly delegates elected: ministerial, M. L. Mann, J. Paul Dourney. Paul W. MacLearn, Sr., A. J. Tosti; lay, M. S. Lydic, Dare Sipe. Dallas Brooks, Glen McCullom. Plans under way for Arizona Nazarenes to "Contact to Win."-Myron C. Morford, Reporter.

Rev. and Mrs. Ita E. Hammer. 220 Holly, Nampa. Whatho cetebrated their sixtieth wedding amnisersany on June 10. Brother Hammer will soon be eightenine rears oht. He sersed as a leader in the Lamend Iblimess low
riation. He sewed for six gears as disbict superimoment in North Dahota aml Nelnashat. and for at number of wats as paster and examgeliot in the Chouch of the Namathe

Rev, athe Mis. Clise Williams celcboated theit tiltieth wedding aminersaIs on Junt I. atm consummated forty. thite veats of actice minists in the Chusch of the Nazarete They now
 Garden Giove. Califomia.

Res. Clarence E. Fitsch, Nazarene chler, and pastor of the church in Subum Illmois. died May ge. Ife is surwed bhis wift, a ver. and a daugher. Mas. hited is at the dangher's home. co Mrs Clate lhafmam, VO1 W. Capital st., spingficht. Illimois. Funcral wrice was held at First Church, Springfictel, with Res. (i. H. Reader and Rer. Win. Kelly in diange.


## Directors of Christian Education Serving the Church <br> B! BENNETT DUDNEY

The fied of the full-time worker in Christian education in the Chameh of the Natame is wather mew. The mumber has grown from cight in 1959 to wer sixty in l963. Many of this gomp are litment.

The demathels $u$ pern the pastor of a latger church ate incteasing His role: it the commmanty, the prople requiring pastoral care and counseling, and ather reguests mathe it imperative that assistance be provided if the greatest return is to be ratired from the in Istment that is mate in buildings. poperts, equipmxint. athd curiculum matterials.

The grestion is often asked. "What does a director of (husian elucation do:" or the comment is heard. "There is me werd for a diector of chistian "rlucation." Porhaps the following job analstis will holp to answer both the question and the comment. It was wothed out by a Jucal chumb when sowhing a dimotor.

## Job Analysis for Director of Christi:n Education

The director of Christian education oletsees the plaming, correlating, and superising of the total educational progratn of all age groups of the church. and tratis members to serve effectively.

This includes sunday school, N.Y.P.S., N.I.M.S., youth progrant, weekday actisity, bacation Bible shool, summer camps, cis.

He is a lember of leaters and does not chdeavor to do all the teaching and detail wosh himself. Rather, he should give guidance to lat leaders so that iffectice tearhing, good plaming. and acceptable work are dome in each organization. He is the lechmician who helps lay leaders to succeed,

1. Recruit and train workers for Sunday school, N.Y.P.S., V.B.S., N.F.M.S., ctc.
?. Sumday school:
2. Ex-officio member of the Sunday shool cabinet and will plan agendat with superintendent.
b. Cive mudance to the superintendent and wher Sumblat school leard (T)
c. Plan for workers' meetings.
d. Commsel with workers.
\&. Guide promotion and publicity.
3. Ex-officio member of the church shool board.
4. Give guidance to the supervisors of the Home Department. Cradle Roll, and racation bible school.
i. Supersise Caram and/or scouting plogram.
5. Supervise the administration of the libans, is pelicies. and securing of mew books.
6. Work with the Chistian Service Iraming direcor in planning training pogram.
$\therefore$ Work with isitation director and scoctarics and guide the lotal outreach visitation program. This includes prospects, survers, visitors, etc.
7. Correlate and supervise the total south program of the church: N.Y.P.S., weekda! activities, sunday school, Wednesday night, etc.
a. An ex-officio member of the N.Y.P.S. councit. Plans agenda with the N.I.PS. president. Genide and counsel N.V.P. president and other workers.
b. Cine gridance to weeklay recreational programs, and the selection of wathes and leaders.
r. Mamber of Catavan committec amd scout committer.
d. Plan and dircet youth evangelistic teams.
c. Plan and disect summer retheats for vouth groups.
8. Supersise the audio-visual program of the church. Ginide in securing new materials, procedure for use of materials. and to protide trained persomuel to operate equipment.
9. Work with transportation committee in providing transportation.
10. Supervise the children's chutches.

The responsibilities vary with the local church, the pastor, and the ability of the director.
One can readily see that the pastor of the larger chunch would be better able to seve the pastoral needs of his people if he had such a right hand. The trained, educated director of Christian education is an asset to any church. He approaches being a necessity in the larger church if it is to meet the necels of the people and milize the: potential of the laymen

The Deparment of Church shools is sponsoring the second denominationwide Conference for Directors of Christian Education and their pastors in Kansas City, July $2-5,1963$. It will be held at the Brookside Hotel. Registrations should be sent to Rev. Bennett Dudney, 6401 The Paseo, Kansas City 31. Missouri. Cost of lodging is $\$ 10.00$; food and transportation are additional.

The program includes speaker, Dr. Samucl Young. general superintendent; workshops, pancls, and a tour of the International Headquarters.

Missionary Lists Available<br>New missionary address lists are now ready. Write for free copies from the Wepartment of Foreign Missions, 6401 The Pasco. Kansas (ity 3l. Missoun.

## Prayer Request By W. C. ESSELSTYN Republic of South Africa

Mrs. Aimand Doll had a rather serious operation carly in May. Actually she has not been well for a long time, although few have realized it. We are hoping that the operation was just what was needed to restore her health. I know she and all concerned will greatly appreciate your pravers for her re covery.

## Prayer Request from Argentina By LUCY CRENSHAW

Our six-yeatohl daughter, Janell. has had four attacks of a comsulsive nature recently. The diagnosis is mot positise as vet, and she will be having more tests, but her illness could be serious. We would appreciate your prayers for her healing.

## God Has Answered Prayer

We are thankful for the wonderfal way God has answered prayer for Mrs. Roy Copelin and Carolyn following their accident. Both are home from the hospital, and Carolyn has been able to complete her make-up work in
sehool athe will tate her final cxams with the other students. The sars on her face are fatling, atod the swelling is going down. Mis. Copelin has suffered from delayed shock and is regaining her nervous and physical strength slowly. Continue to pray for both these devoted members of our missionary family in the Philippines, that God will completely restote their health.

## Good-by India <br> By MARY ANDERSON, Iudia


This is the fourth time lie said good-10s to bou in the twent-seven vears that sos have been war homes. Each time it is a little hater. Each time you seem closer to me, and my own coumtiy father awas. () India! I love you! The land of my adoption -the land of my calling-the land of my hearts desire! I yearn over youyeam that you might have the peace of God in the heants of your sons and daughters. I appreciate you. There is just no place in all the world quite like India, and you hase allowed us residence for twents-senen years I pray for you, that God may come to you int an old-fashioned revival that may overspread your shores and reach all of southeast Asia. Ind so, my dear India, once more, I must say good-by. ciont bless you-my India.

## Guatemalan Missionary Council Meets

## By CORA LEE GREEN, Guatemala

The Goatematan Missionam Council met for its thintereghth anmual session in Cobam, Aha Verapas. There were monataging reports from cath of the miscomaries and from cach phase of the work.

The three Bible schools reported as follows: fifteen students emolled in the Whiliamson Bible Institute, cight in the Kekehi Indian Bible School, and eleven in the Rabmal Mchi Indian Bible school. It the close of the shool year there was one woung man graduated from the four-vear Theological Conse, and three voung ladies receising Chris tian Edacation diplomas. Enrollment goals for the new school year were set at lwents, fiftect, athd twelte students respectinels

A "irst" for whe district was the boys and pirs" camp conducted simul. tancously with the ammal vouth camp during the week preceding Easter. Of the fifty bovs and gives enrolled, thinty knelt at the altar seeking spiritual help. Ose: one humded foung poople were emolled in the gouth camp.

During $1900^{\circ}$ the Protestant churches in Guatemala co-operated in an "Evangelism in Depth" program. Lavmen and pastots participated with intensise praver preparation and systematic visitation. This veat we comtinue with omt
own "Fangelism liss" progtam. Rev. Standey storey was mamed messomay ditector of the pergam with national assistants named by the district assembly.

The merlical program has suffered because both nurses are on furlough. Howeser a Nazarene doctor and his wife, who is a lab-technician, make regular visits to both San Miguel and Senahu, neither of which has resident doctors or medical facilities. We are thankful for this co-operation on the part of Dr. and Mrs. Vargas.

A total of <221.341.31 was contributed for all puposes, not including consmaction focal churches contribute at least 50 per cent of building costs), by 1.sog chuth mombers, the majority of whom have a veaty income of less than $\$ 150$.

Res. William sedat was again elected to serve as district superintendent. Rev. Darrell Spoon was elected to serve as comocil trasumer, and Mrs Cora Lee Giren as secretars:

## HOME MISSIONS

## Small Church Achievement Winner

It the 196 Kansas City District Assembly the Southwood church. Ras town, Missouri, won the award in the "Small Church Ichicsement Program." 1ater, Southwoul was chosen as one of the ten most outstanding small churchis of the denomination for the $1961-6$ ? assembly vear.

Vet, just a lintle over a year before. the congregation was discouraged besatse of a trementous building debt forer si.000 per man. woman, and (hild): an adult resident membership of omls nineteon; and an unfinished building with no bope of completion while paying off the existing mortgage. Yet this feeling of discomagement was tmoned into an incentive for progress. The staggering financial situation, which on paper seemed humanly impossible, brought a strong ralization of their dependence upett God. This, coupled with the losalty and faithfulness of the people, resulted in the pastor being able to report at assembly time the building pavments up to date. district obligations paid in full, a sir. able extra offering ratised for the college, and general obligations considerably oserpaid-making Southwood a " 10 per cent" church. Financial arrangements had also been made wherebs the church huidding had been completed, beatutiful samcinaty fumbsings installed. and Sunday school fumbinme purchased.

More important than this, the four Wednesdas-over-Sunday revial meetings, and the fourteen wecks emphasis "Shining lights on Sunday Nights." with


Rev. Harper Cole, pastor of Southwood Church, Raytown, Missouri, discusses the next building payment with members of the church board.
apecial spathers had antabnted preatIf to the examgelistic outreath of the church. Iwo ombeanding romberts of the revivals hase botght mametors thew people tor the chuthts. In addition. twenty were sact in the V.B.S., and serentr-fise whers duting the year. The Sunday night attembance is mome tham double what it was in the spring of 196\%. I here wat an eltrease of ower lot per "ollt in the mbership, dhatige the var. memberhip it asombls time being seront-fice

A fall pagetan tar all age ghonpm includal a compictels depantmentatized Sunday shool; an D.E.M.S.; a C.S.J. dass: Juniom, I cetr. and Young Adult Fellowships: chorr, and. during the scheol vear, a Chatan progian for the primary and jutior luns and girk in which mose of the fern fortug people assisted. The teen doent presented the special Christmas night service and samg frequents doning the sehool vear.
Baskethal! tratm for the jumion bos

 ting greally (o) wathimg new fellows seveal of thent bett satel and joitact the chunch. Ihe fers and adult mon phased in the Ratwown outhball I cagus This hetpeel to lomeg the charch before the commumits, for the outstanding sportmanship of our men, along with supetior athetic ability, made us many fromeds, and theit wiming whe cham pionship gate us considerabie prestige

In the fall, copie's of the special Hered of Hoblote were slivtibuterl while tahimg a commumits sumed for the interose of 1 B S of patale was bedd thonghem the stacts in the (ant munity athd hite shaped imitations in the bible shome wete given out to neigiborhood chilhten of the catme out to watch the patale.
Southwood Chumh is missionamsminded abo-font missomats rallies were held during the yoar, and there was active interest and participation in the distriat home mission project.
In commending the losalts faithful.

Hess, athe oprimism of the people the pastor, Rev. Harper cole states: " The most vomomatige factor is the codemt tise in the spiritual tide. The people ate constantly seching evangelistic oppentumities in all of theit comtacts. I his has tomere froit in the inclease of low in Sumalas shose embllment for the wat and comtibuted to the fequent alar entice doning the rexular stme dat seltices. . . In all of these things we phaise (eral tor His fathfulhes. Fersonf who hoows amwhing about somthonod hows that the arcomplish ments of the wat h,tir hern fla dumgs.

## 200 More by '64

Twont-four new chuiches have now been organized this year on out goal of 200 mote bs the Gereral Assembly next fear. Is there something you and four chanch can do to belp stat a new Chume

some of the experiences of life in a home mission parsonage are vividly and warmbe described los Ruth Vaughn. a
home masion pastors wife, in the new bowh I old keep the Durks! (Nazarene Publishing House. 350 In at new way won will solne hom a home mission pas. ton leels when be steps into his first church for the first time. Yon will aphume the thall of hard-won seckers finding victon at the home mission altar. Som will understand the dis. conagement when the cupboard is bane and the bills pile up, but will wonice in the wat cood provides. You will expecialls enjot the incident from which the book gets its title, when Ms. Vatghn hnew for ertain that homer masiont fods and satid. "Lond, Sou herp, the ducks." Inelurle this book (on sum best order from the Nazateme Pablibhitg House. of buy it at the


## SERVICRMEN'S <br> COMMISS1ON

Chaplatin Cliftord S Hishet is to be cleased to inatise duty from the naval (haplatos on fume 29. He writes. "The quenta of (haplame for the nats is now full for the first time sence Korea, and $I$ fiet that me serice obligation has been met." He has areepted the pas ronate of the (hurch of the Na/atome .1) Vommalk (atifomis

Chaplan Fisher has had a pooftable mblists during these two years of active duts. His last report came from the island of Guam, where be has been working with a Mobile Construction Battalion of the Seabees.

Our beats ate thrilled as the chaplams ammal reports come to the office. and we rad of the results of their labons among watice persomel. They "puctut ont , hum athet the hingdon ul Josts Chaint to then fom all wathe (if life lo the boss frem vour home bewn toman all bats and dasses in our wemta. I heit mimistiy extemats from the islands of the Pacific to the far noth country, and to the lands in the shatow of the infamous wall in Berlin. These are ministers of our church, and theil influence is felt atound the world.

This is their dalling, and the lord fous blessed theit labors whereser they whe- in the motime (o)ps the air fores. wat the ftom patatiopocs and infan the the Has and the special field of - Wice in the Velemoms Administration.
fom their reports-*. . . pray for me and my family as we minister to a large commmit! of military people." ". . . I am gratefal for God's many blessings on my ministry, and my prayer is that I will be able to do more for Him next vear." "His mercy and goodness never fail. My time and talents are at His command." ". . . The chaplaincy has been a sery rewarding and challenging

Nperiemse the ficdel is white. but the hatresting is tough!." . . . . It has been a rich ministry with a full program. Whe counseling load is hears, but it is thrilling to offer Chists challenge to 'follow me.' The reoponse is reward. ing." "The militan chaplaincy is a fied of blessed spinital dividends; the needs are great.

Cool's grace is abundantly adequate, and the response is gratifying.

## FOR CHRISTIAN ACTION

to smoke or

## not to smoke?

Per cent of 35 -year-old men who will die before 65 - depending on thair smoking habits.

## 23\%

Nonsmokers


Cigarette Smokers
(1/2 to 1 pack a day)


Cigarette Smokers
( 2 or more packs a day)
The risk of dying in the prime of life is almost twice as great for men who are heavy cigarette smokers as for nonsmokers.
american cancer society
EARL C. WOLF, Secretary Commitlec on Public Morals

As I see it, our pathway today as Christians is not rugged enough to make us staluart saints.-Howard W. Sweeten.

## Nazarene Theological Seminary Commencement

(on Mat 11, 1963, Naname I heolemi(a) seminary gradmated a das of 17. which is the fifth larger class to grattate from the seminam. This bings the total number who hatse gadated from the Semmats to 734.

Pmotion of this vatis ghtoluatin: dass ate Natatenes and tive are from mher demmonations. I wo of the thas
 da. one from lsate aml the when form lathm xetion it the I niterl States.
 ot tollons: thellt-tiar .tw komper to paster on the lbilome. (ambula IVest.

 Vichigath. Xiow Englami. Viw Sosh. Northwes. Northwestorn Hllomis. Phila actphia. San Intomio, somblom Cali fombia, and Wiscomsin divticts: Wretse whers att plaming on t.thing patorates and will be loxated before the end of
 who hatre atrepted potstonato ate lathing home misson chumbers (





 aterl for sperial intommation orn the stablishment of home misoon thumels. - ds they hope in sere weme ot this "p". of work.

One gaduate who is plathing to do fonther graduate stud is going to the Kemmeds Chool of Missions, and he and his wife plan to devote their lives Io foreign missonaty woth. (One student. who will complete his work this stmmer. W, appointed as a mostoman In the (eromeal Boand. moting las: fan 11.15. and he and his wife evpert to sall for Imdia this fall. I wan other stadents. mot graduates. wore apporiated to Hatiti atad Bolivit at the somm losatd meting

Iter comomencoment ativities were fith and meaningfol with $\mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{t}}$. Sambel loung giving the commencoment ant fless. Dr. Timothy smith yooke itt the .mmual Semmans banquet. and Presi dent Lewis $T$. Conlent preached the bittalatheate semon,--Ritoritr.


Topic for Jume $\begin{gathered}\text { Jo: }\end{gathered}$ Seeking the Lost
 15:1.13)
 Abto the acorlid, eien so hare $I$ also se at them into the warlet John 1;18).

The three parables of toxta's lesson cueal three clements of the evangelistic emphasis. These qualities must be found in evervone who would win people to Christ. Moreover these qualities will be found, to a greater or lesset slegrer in erest panfised fhristian
 s.alite and lone.

Whe first qualite is repromsibility. flos is fommel in the stom of the lost sheep. The man mat mat have been the wome of the humded sheep. but whl the shepheod who was responsible tor the thack. I he sheep belonged to hiv manter. whe had plated them in his fore 10 lome oble meant that he had failed: it meant that he could not be thested. that he was wot mblabe that ha wombl probabls lime his job.
( hatin has been called the Geod shephot. Buts mote that this, Ite is the 'Swhe of the shetp athe the Chris. bithe ate llis shephemb. In them He has gisen the wate of the shap: theire 1s :ha womibitia of himeins them int., Hhe foll!
the seont qualits is that of "t high w... .f chlus. This is follum! in the parathe of fle last win. Ithe min befonged to the lat and ver valued it highls. Be c.atse of it, whlle she sought matil she formal it.

I he Chindian must value the souls of ment bot just as persols, but as
 in lace of plate shomble wheme the fact Hh.11 we .til ate of ohe blosel with the whole humbut but: F.th math is woth心 muth a amoller atu! hiv balue in the sight et (rom sumbl he a strong imentir. in uthing 10 win hime
the thind qualits is lese fotand in the patathe of the lows vall. '1 hee father
 highls. low atowe all he lowed him be-
 dilforthe whell ohte cun (hild is in flatge The t.all of lose is the strongat possble wall.

Not crevome is adept at all the techmigtues of shocesfal soul winning. But crowne tan amd should base the math: of the soml wimme. He will feel his expmabibility to thase who do not hame (hove to give them the gospel (6) the s.and . Ntewt that he himelf has tereisel it. He will , Jow se the value of a woll: one man is "outs mote than all of hiv prowswoms. ©ctl all the posworms of the wolde. But abote all he nill hone ham and lone will timd a was


Wr. misht isin pople lo wir church . 1 bl progtam withomi these thee virtue. butt neter w the I owd. These atw wathe of the true (hristian: these ate the maths of the soul wimer.

## Announcements

RECOMMENDATIORS


## BORN

- io hir. and Mrs. Perry A. Cibu of Melvern, Kansas, twin sons, Perry Michacl and Terry Clarence, on May 16.
--to Bill and Eetty Robinson of Charlate, Nont Carolina, a son, Scott Andrew, on May 12.
-to Rev. and Mrs. William in. Keivington of Marine City, Michigan, a son, Brian Jonathan, of May 8.
-to Don and Donna (Anderson) Browning of Wichita falls, Texas, a daughter, Sandra Jean, on April 13.

SPECIAL PRAYER IS REQUESTED
-by Cheistian parents in Tennessee for "our daughter who is rimning from God . . . We know God is willing and ablest;
-by a Christian friend in Washitigton for a young soldier, son of a Nazarene mother, critically injured in an attenobile cresh, that God may undartake for him
-for a ret atlpoering of the Hoiy Spirit en a holiness camp in Georgia the hast ten days of dam: -by a friend in oxiahoma for an "unopoken re avest, very, very tifgus virgia tha "God might hes my body for my little giri's saket:
-by a Christian mother in Geargia for a bwing married daughter, who has been thught Chist's why but seems deternined to let sin disticy her. prayer urgently needed.

## Directories

## GENERAL SUPERINTENDENTS

Uffices, 6401 the Paseo
Kansas City 31, Missemi
District Assembly Schedules for 1963
HARDY C. POWERS:
Southwestern oh
Chicago Central.
hicago Central.....
Kansas.
Northwestern minas
Minnescta.
joplin. .
North Arkansas.
. . .
 ........dnly 3 and . . Jity 18 and 19
G. B. WILLIAMSON:

Maine. ..


SAMUEL YOUNG:
Canada Central.:
Northwestern oh:
Pittsburgh.
Illinois. .
Virginia,
Missouri.
Northwest Indiant
South Carctina.
d.iy 31 to Alugust 2 Augitst 15 and 10 Abybist 29 and 30 Semtember is ani 10 Sentmber 25 and 26

Michigan
July 10 to 12 July 24 and 38 Augu: 11 and 2 Aligust 21 and 22 Augrat 28 and 29

New York...
Jimn 27 and 20 Suly 10 and 11 dily 18 and 19 July 24 to 20 Angest 15 amd ? Angisist 27 and 16 Semtpmber 12 and 22 Septnmber 27 and 28
D. I. VANOERPOOL:

Nebraska ..................... ............ 27 and 28
Gulf Centra j. ly ? ? and ?

Colorado. Sily 18 and 19 Al:gust 7 and ह
Southeast Ckidnom
South Arkanses.
seplewizer 4 and 5
soutember 18 and 10
HUGH C. BENNER:
Albany.
Canada West.
Oregon Pacific.
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Houston.
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ay 31 and Aug. 1
Augnt 21 and 2 ? Augnt 21 and $2 ?$
Somtenber il and $1 ?$ Setenbe: 13 and 32 September 25 and 2 i.
V. H. LEWIS:

North Daliot:
Weat Wiryie:
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Central Dhio
Jume 2\% an 28
ast Tariness
Kentucky.
Indianapolis.
Kansas Sity.
District Assembly Information
ALBANY, June 26 and 27 , at the Grandview Camp, Erooktondale, New York. Rev. Richard 1 arker, pastor, 211 White Church, Brooktondale General Superintendent Benner. (N.F.M.S. conven tien, June $28 ; 5.5$ convention, June 27 ,

Whach, hmtrop Street, Augista, Mame. Nazarene pastor, Rev. Robert L. Smith, 24 Eowler Strect, Abgush. General Superintendent Wiliamsen. (N.F. M.S. comention, June 24.)

CANADA CENTRAL, June 27 and 28 , at the Ois trict Center, Peffertaw, Ontario Canada. Pastor trict Center, Pefferiaw, Ontario, Canada. Pastor,
Rev. Thos. W. Thomas, Route 2. Fefferlaw. General Rev. Thos. W. Thomas, Route 2 . Fefferaw. General
superintendent Yomg. (N.F.M.S. comention, June super
25.$)$

NORTH DAKOTA, June 27 and 23, it the Nazaene Campgrounds, Sawyer, North Dakota. Rev. Vernon $H$. Willard, pastor. Genernl Superintendent Lewis. (N.F.M.S. convention, June 24; N.Y.P.S. convention, Jume 25; S.S. convention, June 26.)

SOUTHWESTERN OHIO, Ju'y 3 and 4 , at the Nowarens Center, St . Mays, Ohio, on State Route 29. General Superintendent Powers. (N.F.M.S. con vontion, July $\mathrm{a}-2$. )

# "SHOWERS of BLESSING" Program Schedule 

Jume e:3-"Life's Enigma," by J. E. Williams
June 30-"You're Human, too:" by J. E. Williams

## July 7-"The Tragedy of Calvary," by J. E. Williams

 120 14th Aventee, S.N., Calgary, Aberta, Canads. Piev. Cintes J. fuaxworthy, pastor, Geneat Sume mentent Eemer, (N.F.M.S. chmention, July 3.3

WEST VIRGINIA, July a to 6 , it the district Ester, Smmergilfe, West vieyinia. Entertaining fost, 0. H. H. Hendershot, 5006 Virgina Ave., S.E. Charieston, West Virginia. General Simeyntenden Lewis. (N F.M.S. conventicn, Jely 3; N.Y.P.S. canvantion, Jit i winj 5.5 . convention, July 3.3

## Nazarene Camp Meetings

Jure 17 to 30 , Philadelnhia District (5yuth Jersey Nazarene Camp), one mife west of State Hl-way "77, on Cohansey Rd., Deerfield, New Jersey. Workers: Rev. Fred Thomas and Song Evangelist Curtis $R$. Brown. Write Edga. F. Adams, 47 Lawrence St . Bridgeton, N.J.

Jime $3:$ to 30 , Nobroska District Canir, camp grounds at Keamey. Nebraska. Workers: Di. D. 1. Vomderpod, Rex. Mask Andersen, Charles and Jean nette York. Fnr information wite the tistrict s:perimentent, D:. Wh'tconb Harting, 203 North Ericg*, Hustings, Nebr?sk.

Jone 28 to Why 7, Now Frghand Di trat Camp
 \& Bostin). Wurkes: Dr. V. W. Lithest Rac. H. G fomkise". and Piofemer and Mre. Liear Dinn. Au: information write the gistact subu-intendent fou
 Massachusets.

Jume 29 to Jaiy 7, Abany District Lump, it District Center, Brooktondale, New York. Workers: Or. Ralph Earle, Rev. Paul Stowart, and Singer Pata Qualls. Rev. Kenmeth Pearsail, disfrict sitperintendemt 53], South Salina St. Symacuse, New ik.
 Witaition Comp, themitie, llimsis. Werkeos:


 Vi.kers: D. Glen Jonec Rev. Fied Thomis Professer fant Qulls. De. fi. H. Hendershot,
 Cha-iestur, West virginat.

Juy 3 te If, New Yoik bistrict banif, at Grovivite Pa.k Crapgrounds, Beacon, Now York Werkers: Dr. Mel. Thomas Rathwell, Rev. Panl Mar tin, Rev. Paut Miller, and Profassor Pant ficNiftt Rev. Roisert Goslaw, district superintendent. Fo information write Rev. Edinin Patmore, IA6 Main St., Norwalk, Commecticut.
Jiy 4 to 14 Hendersonvilie Natamene Camp,
vine, North Caromin Workers: Rev. C. B. Fugett,
Rev. L. H. Roabuck aad pirofessor Byron Crouse For information write Rev. W. H. Gentry P.O. Box 5.4.3, Hendersonville, North Carolina,

Juty 25 to 21 , Colorado District Camp, at the District Center, 1755 Dover, Lakewood, Colorado. Workers: Dr. D. I. Vanderpool, Rev. Bert Daniels, and Mr. Lewis Thompson. Rev. E. L. Cornelison, fistrict superintendent, 1755 Dover St. Denver 15, Colorado.

July 20 to 28, Pittsburgh District Camp, at Alameda Park Nazarene Camp, West Penn Street Extersion, Butler, Pennsylvania. Workers: Rev, Fred Thohas, Rev. Charles Hastings Smith, and Singer Danny Steele. For information write the district sujerintendent, Rev. R. B. Achesan, Box 367, Butler, Pentsylvania.

Suly 21 to 28 , Oregon Pacific District Camp, at fie Dist-ict Center, 12625 S.E. 82nd Avenue, Portand, Oregon. W'orkers: Rev. Ted Martin, Rev. Pau! Ivartin, Missigraries Ralph and Orpha Cook, and Profossor Warrie Tippitt. Dr. W. D. McGraw, disrit saperintendent. For information write Nazaane District Center, Rt, 2, $\$ 0 \times 500$, Clackamas, Gegoth.

July 22 to 28 , Fiorida District Camp, at Sur $\therefore$ anmee campgrounds, U.S. Hi-way 41, three miles north of White Springs, Florida. Workers: Dr Mendell Tayler, Dr. Nicholas Hull, and Professor Pail McNutt. Dr. John L. Knight, district superntendent. For information write to E. C. Knippers, P.O. Box $6054-\mathrm{B}$, Orlando, Florida.

Juiy 22 ts 26, Missuuri District Camp, at PineCel Cang, south of Fredericktown on Hi-way 67 Su Cubsty Road C. Workers: Dr. Edward Lawlor Ir. Stephen $S$. White, and Professar James T. Bohi. For information wite the district superintendent, Or. E. D. Simpon, 12 Ridge Line Drive, St. Lonís 22. Missouri

In'y 25 is A:giset A, Morthwestern Ohio Distritut Camp, al the Nazarene Center. St. Marys, Ohio (on H1-way 29, seven miles east of Celina, Ofich. Work els: Un. Orville Jenkins, Rey. Clayton Bailey, and Ers: U.". Orwile Jenkins, Rey. Clayton Bailey, and
frofessor Janes V. Cook. Rev. M. E. Clay, district superintendent. For information write Rev. Lester Priyer, Fort Recovery, Chio.

Jaly 26 to August 5, Camada Central District Camp, at Cedardate; August 9 to 18, at Clarksburg हn?ario. Workers: Dr. Mel-Thomas Rethwell, Rev Fred Thomas, Rev. Kenneth H. Pearsall, James and Rosemary Green, and Paul Skiles. For information write the district superintendent, Rev. Bruce Taylor, 31 Prospect Ave. North, Newmarket, Ontario, Canadh.

July 30 te August 4, Northwest Indiana District Comp, at the District Cenier, near San Pierre, Indi3ns. Wiorkers: Rev. Paul Martin, and the Singing Leichtys, For information write the district superintendent, Rev. Arthir Morgan, P.O. Box 350, Valparalso, indiana.

Ahf 12 to 13 . Wishington an: Philadelphia disUricts Gaisip it Nurth Esst, Haryland fone half mile ne:th of Ronte 40 . Wotners: Or, James McGraw, Rev. Wilbur Brangon, Or. and Mrs. T. Harold Jones, Profersow Gary Moore, Mrs. Wm. Snyder, Mrs. Fred Zertolet, and Mrs. John Bickel. For information write the camp manager, 445 Washington Ave,, Royersford, Pennsyivania.

Auqust if to 11, Northeastern Indiana District Camp, at the district campground East 38 th St Ext., Marion, Indiana. Workers: Dr. Ralph Earie, Rev. Roy Bettches, Wis. Mary Anderson and Profresor Pan: McNutt, Dr. Paul Updike district suaresendeat. For inform?tion write Rev. D. Y Alt, Finx lof?, Aration, fudiant.
 Enpurni Wost bes Mones, lowa terman Ave.
 distribt superiatendert, 1102 Giand Ave., West Des Mcines, Iow

Alig.s.t 19 to 25 , Tabor Cunfo sponsored by 1owa District, at Tabor, lowa isouthwest part of lowa). Workers: Or. R. V. Delong and Dr. Wm. McGuire, evangelists. Dr. Gene E. Phillips, district superintendent, 1102 Grand Ave., West. Des Moines, lowa.

August 20 t. 27, Idaho-Oregon District Camp, at the district campgrounds, Nampa, Idaho. Workers Dr. D. 1. Vanderpool and Dick and Dorothy Edwards. Rov. 1. F. Younger, distelct supertntendent,


## Baptist Union Membership

Drops in Great Britain，Ireland
Loviox（EP）－－Membership in the Baptist lonion of Great Bitain am！ Ireland stoot at 310.437 at the emb of 1962 a decrease of about 3.500 orer the previous yeat，the demominations tome cil reported．
It observed the L＇inen has bet foving membership for five consetwise was． although the 1969 decrase was smaller than in 19til．I principal mosen for last sear＇s decrease the Commeil motal． ＂as a＂drastic mivion of churh moll＂ in tancashire．
Baptist Sundat schoots for ，hildhen had an entollment of 196.333 as com－ pared with 234,453 in 1961.

A report in the Baptist Times rectur． ly said Baptists in Cerat Britain and Ireland had decreased about 7 thonion in 50）years while the pepulation gained が 10,5000000 ．

## See＂Buddha Day＂for Hawai

 would bee dexignated an Budth．t 1at！ and become a legal state holidar unde at bill experted to be apponed br Ha waii＇s Honse committer aftel no＂pp＂， sition was woiced at a public hearmb．

Intioduced by Rep．Jack K．Suma．a bemocrat，the measure would homon Gautama Buddha，founder of the Buddhist religion．of which there are an estimated 100 one adherens in Ha waii．

The suwa bill is not related to the presious controsersial measures siem． soned by Sen．Karuhisa Abe，also a Democtat．Which would diminate Christmas and Good Friday as state holidass and extablish a Budetha D：a holiday．
suppotens of the sume kegtation satid creation of a Buddha Bat wombl promote wold brotherhond．improwe U．S．mations in the Far East，and show that Hawaii is a land of man cultures．

Among other pending bills in the legislature are a number dealing with gambling．opposed by religious groups． which are given no chance of passage． These include measures to legalize pati． matued betting on horse and dog bacing． vate lotterice or hetp suppont pablis whools，and permision to noppotit ＂ghanizations to（omduct bing g same and lotemics．

Meanwhile．an opinion from Home． lulu Counts＇s legal commet said pub． lic tamsportation could be provided for private and parochial school children without a violation of the state constitution．The opinion was immediately attacked by Protestant spokesmen，but supported by Roman Catholics．


Conducted by W．T．PURKISER．Editor

What does it mean to be sanctified？How can you really know yoa are sanctified without doubt？


 tion，and to wevine th tath the fillin： Comsing spinit of（ian ，Remams 6：13：


bs to how we com salls hom we at s．metitied．it has bard been bether said than bs John Wowe in The Plain $A^{\prime}$ ． wount af Chovian leofetion．in answer （10）the questions．＂When mat a persen findge himelf to hase attaited hise How fo wo how that won ane sumpifies！ sated from whm inhad comption：＂

When．after hating been consimed of inbed vin，In a f．r theper and leat
 In fore justitation and athe hating al $^{\text {a }}$ perienced a ghadual montitiontom of it．


 gite thanks Xot that tor ferl all lowe
 hase eqpritmeal this for a time before theis wols were fulls renowed．大ome．
 a deme till there is adtal the wamom of the peitit．withewing of his emtire －unctiticution as deank as his justifica－ （i， 11
＂I till hardls hnesw it wherwse than I how that 1 ：an justimi．Hereby hrow we that we ate of（ood din cither stere．be the spist that he hath given IS：Wr．hnew it be the withers dend by the Huit of the ¢pinit．And．firs．lo the wilnos．as．when we wete justitial the pinit lown withess with out pritit that （1）sin wofe fogions，sw whel we wer anclitien be bune withes that thes


In our lesson on the money－changers in the Temple．the guestion arose concerning the propriety of offering Christian literature at camp meetings or revival services．I am soliciting your view in the hope that we may be enlightened and guided in the future．
I am flatened at the suggestion that Ghivians that it weme tor me it is as wh might find mi vicw entighterng and a basis for puidamoe in the fumbe． Quickl I would sale if whathe bex selling emh litemathe in the patt．In
 get stateal at it right atas．
I womld ：asmme of comes that sth ates ．the ber ont bund．a．I would ber
 if litatathe of methandia on the Bonds das．Hewotr．Ghivion lites． tare is se coscmial a prot dif the woh of the Kingdom．and is sw ital to the ma turity and development of imdividu．al
much a legitimate part of a c．mp meet－ ing or rovial semice as the tathing of ．111 offeling of cach the prowhing of a wlmon．

Pationdand would this be the of hit－ －tatue pht aut bs the Xatome Pub－ lishitig Home．which is a momptafit or－ g．mization＂prated lo the（humeh of the Someme for the popsettion of
 ＂ane ore anst in the oprontion of the Publishing Howe is combolled bo the （．enctal Boand of the dhund ．1m！is used （1）further its work．

What do you think of teachers in Nazarene Sunday schools using other than Nazarene literature？

The question dees met make it chat （1）the whetles the literatume is for dis Hibution t．the das or suppementan
 the helpes porided in the lithe：siome foumal．I wonld pelworally tahe a wers dim view of the une of pupil materials fom publivhers oblee than the vaza rene Pothishing House except in a sit－ wation，for example，where an alult Bible dass might wish to use the Whan－ gate Biblical series for a quarter in an intensive study of a single book of the Bible．
is to supplenemtars towhing ad
the Datatome Publishing Fowne handles a complete line of commentanice on the


 mave．Ihir Giat of ther 1 cown and Saikland 1 camm（ommentary．These are sold with the understanding that we do not coldorse enowthing in them， and expect our teachess to check dis－ puted peonts with the bible school foumal．But there are mams values in such collateral materials which teachers mas we to emich their classwoth．


## "Open Thy Mouth Wide"

C
TEN-MONTH-OLD MARK was very hungry. When he saw the spoon dip into his cereal, his mouth opened wide. He didn't just open his mouth-he opened it widewide! He carefully watched the spoon on its journey back to the dish for a refill, and long before it made its return to his mouth, he had it wide open again. He was very serious about this eating business.
I was reminded of the scripture, "Open thy mouth wide, and I will fill it" (Psalms 81:10). We often go to the Word of God for our daily spiritual feeding and, yes, we open our mouths -the mouths of our hearts-to receive the Word; but we don't open them wide. We aren't hungry enough. Our appetite hasn't been whetted to the point where we are anxiously awaiting that next spiritual mouthful.
We have the promise-if we open our mouths wide, He will fill them! Let's try it today!Letta J. Young, Ashland, Ohio.

## The Preserving Influence

Righteousness exalteth a nation: but sin is a reproach to any people (Proverbs 14:34).
THUS WROTE the Wise Man of another century concerning the elevating and exalting influence of righteousness.
But not only does righteousness elevate and exalt; it also exempts. This has been demonstrated again and again in the history of both men and nations since time began. Only Noah, a preacher of righteousness, and his family were preserved when the floodwaters of divine wrath were poured out on the antediluvian world. Only Lot and his immediate family were saved when the great cities of Sodom and Gomorrah watched the last grains of sand flow through the hourglass of God's patience.
It cannot be meaningless that the angel of the Lord acknowledged that he could not do anything until Lot had escaped, and the logical reason is because Lot represented the only element of righteousness within the city.

The greatest strength of a nation is its internal and spiritual strength. More important than its standing armies, its weapons of war, its clever strate-
gy, or its military might is the internal righteousness which makes a nation invincible.

Jehovah promised and history proves that when the men of Israel went up to Jerusalem three times annually to worship, not once did any nation "desire her land," not once were her borders violated, not once was it necessary for her to be at war.
It was neglect in the realms of righteousness that brought disaster. Thus it is today. When righteousness reigns, the unseen armies of the living God stand guard and hold in check the real foes of men and nations.-Kenneth T. Jewell, pastor, North Vernon, Indiana.

## Love in Evangelism

OUR AGE is an age of inner pressures as well as an age of outward frustrations, and we find it easy to excuse ourselves from helping the lost to find Christ as Saviour.
While reading the New Testament the other day, I discovered again Peter's word, "See that you do love one another, fervently and from the heart" (I Peter 1:22, Phillips). Peter was one who worked and lived close to Christ, and it seems he is trying to help us remember this theme of Christ's great ministry.

We find this timely illustration in the Scriptures. When Paul and Silas were brought to the Philippian jailer, their clothing had been torn from their bodies, they had been brutally beaten, and the wounds were very unsightly. The jailer had a duty to perform and he did it.

During the night in that jail these prisoners felt the blessing of God as they began to pray and sing praises unto the Lord. The power of the Lord came and the prison doors opened. More amazing than that: the jailer's heart was opened and he received the Lord in salvation. After the love of Christ came in, he saw the wounds of his prisoners, and we read, "And he took them the same hour of the night, and washed their stripes" (Acts 16:33). It was that inner love that helped him to see the needs of others.

The surest way for us to see the needs of souls about us is to have the love of God within us.

We marvel at the power of soul winning in the Early Church and try to excuse ourselves by saying, "But they were living in the shadow of Pentecost." Once again we find the key when it was said of that Early Church, "Behold, how they love one another!"
So may we have a revival of love in our own hearts and in our churches. Then, and then only, can we expect a harvest of lost souls.

Place the inward pressures and the outward frustrations in the background, and replace love for Christ and for others in the first position of your life. And may it be said of our churches today as it was in other times, "Behold, how they love one another!"-Evangelist Leon F. Wyss.

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[^0]:    "frem the pevised standard leertion sat ti permissinn af the Interna.

[^1]:    "Do not let the adversary lead you to dwell upon some one subject, to the exclusion of others, such as faith, dress, pride, worldliness, Masonry, etc. Aim at symmetry of character, and give each item its proper attention. Make no hobby of any single item in particular, but a symmetrical holiness in general. The Bible has no hobby but holiness, without which no man shall see the Lord."J. A. Wood.

